

We do what we say.

SPECIAL U.S. GOVERNMENT PROVISIONS. The provisions set forth hereunder shall apply in addition to those terms in the Purchase Order/Agreement (hereinafter "AGREEMENT") or attached/referenced in the AGREEMENT and incorporated by reference. Seller hereby agrees to flow down the applicable FAR, DFARS, or other agency clauses to its lower-tier subcontractors as required.

- 1. <u>Audits</u>. Seller agrees that its books and records and its plans or any such part thereof as may be engaged in the performance of this AGREEMENT, shall at all reasonable times be subject to inspection and audit by any person designated by the head of any executive department of the U. S. Government or any representative of Buyer.
- 2. <u>Quality Control</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this AGREEMENT, Seller's system of Quality Control during the performance of this AGREEMENT shall be in accordance with the specifications as are required by Buyer's prime contract or higher tier AGREEMENT.
- 3. <u>Modification</u>. Seller agrees it will negotiate AGREEMENT modification(s) in good faith to incorporate additions, deletions, and changes to the clauses set forth below if Buyer deems them necessary to comply with Buyer's Contract or modifications to Buyer's Contract. If any such modification to this Purchase Order causes an increase or decrease in the cost, or the time required for the performance, of any part of the work under this AGREEMENT, an equitable adjustment shall be made pursuant to the "Changes" clause of this Purchase Order. Seller shall proceed immediately to perform this AGREEMENT as changed.
- 4. Government/Buyers Property. Seller shall maintain and administer a program for the maintenance, repair, protection, and preservation of Buyer and Government property in accordance with FAR 52.245-1. Seller assumes risk of and shall be responsible for any loss or damage to Government property except for reasonable wear and tear and except to the extent that such property is incorporated in the Goods delivered under this AGREEMENT. The Buyer or Government makes no warranty, express or implied, with respect to the serviceability and or suitability of property of performance of this AGREEMENT. Any repairs, replacements or refurbishments shall be at the Seller's expense. Upon completion of this Order or at such earlier times as Buyer may request, Seller shall submit, in acceptable form, inventory schedules covering all items of Buyer and Government property pertaining to this AGREEMENT. In addition, upon the request of the Buyer, the Seller may be required to furnish a list of all Buyer and Government property required to support any follow-on requirement. This list shall be in an acceptable format and identify the category, quantity and acquisition cost. To the extent that such use will not interfere with Seller's performance of this or other AGREEMENTS from Buyers, this clause shall not limit the use by the Seller of property to which the Government has title in the production of end items on direct Government Order; however, nothing herein will be deemed to contravene the rights of the Government under FAR 52.245-1.
- 5. <u>Clauses</u>. The following clauses of the FAR, DFARS, or other agency clauses are incorporated herein by reference, as applicable, and made part hereof with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text, including any notes following the clause citations, to this AGREEMENT. The clauses in effect in the Buyer's Contract on the date of this Purchase Order are incorporated by reference and any changes, if necessary, to each such clause, including dates, shall be made to be consistent to the requirements of Buyer's customer. Upon Seller's written request, Buyer's Purchasing Representative will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a FAR, DFARS, or agency clause may be accessed electronically at this addresses: https://www.acquisition.gov or https://www.acq.osd.mil/dpap/dars/index.html. In all clauses listed herein, terms shall be revised to suitably identify the party to establish Seller's obligations to Buyer and to the Government; and to enable Buyer to meet its

obligations under its prime contract. Whenever said clauses include a requirement for the resolution of disputes between the Parties in accordance with the FAR "Disputes" clause, the dispute shall instead be disposed of in accordance with the clause entitled "Disputes/Claims" in the Standard General Terms and Conditions for Goods & Services. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, and except where further clarified or modified below, the term "Government" and equivalent phrases shall mean "Buyer", the term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer's Purchasing Representative", the term "Contractor" or "Offeror" shall mean "Seller", "Subcontractor" shall mean "Seller's Subcontractor" under this AGREEMENT, and the term "Contract" shall mean this "AGREEMENT". For the avoidance of doubt, the words "Government" and "Contracting Officer" do not change: (1) when a right, act, authorization or obligation can be granted or performed only by the Government or the prime contract Contracting Officer or duly authorized representative, such as in FAR 52.227-1 and FAR 52.227-2 and (2) when title to property is to be transferred directly to the Government. Nothing in this AGREEMENT grants Seller a direct right of action against the Government. If any of the following FAR, DFARS, or agency clauses do not apply to this AGREEMENT, such clauses are considered to be self-deleting. Seller shall incorporate into each lower tier contract issued in support of this AGREEMENT all applicable FAR, DFARS, or agency clauses in accordance with the flow down requirements specified in such clauses, either verbatim, or in substance and by incorporation-by-reference or otherwise as appropriate.

- 6. <u>FAR and DFARS Representations and Certifications.</u> Buyer and Seller acknowledge that certain FAR and DFARS below concern representations and certifications by the offeror only to the United States Government for the solicitation or response to the RFP. Seller agrees to comply with such requirements as if it was the prime contractor and will reasonably assist Buyer in confirming or answering such FAR and DFARS representations and certifications, including any follow-on questions by the United States Government or its respective agencies or departments. Seller acknowledges it has had the opportunity to inquire as to the clauses present in Buyer's contract and agrees to be bound to such clauses in the manner listed below.
- 7. This Project is subject to FAR 52.211-15. The DPAS Rating for this Project: **DO**

Regulatory Cite	Title
52.202-1	DEFINITIONS
52.203-3	GRATUITIES
52.203-5	COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES
52.203-6	RESTRICTIONS ON SUBCONTRACTOR SALES TO THE GOVERNMENT
52.203-7	ANTI-KICKBACK PROCEDURES
52.203-8	CANCELLATION, RESCISSION, AND RECOVERY OF FUNDS FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY
52.203-10	PRICE OR FEE ADJUSTMENT FOR ILLEGAL OR IMPROPER ACTIVITY
52.203-12	LIMITATION ON PAYMENTS TO INFLUENCE CERTAIN FEDERAL TRANSACTIONS
52.203-19	PROHIBITION ON REQUIRING CERTAIN INTERNAL COFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENTS
52.204-4	PRINTED OR COPIED DOUBLE-SIDED ON POSTCONSUMER FIBER CONTENT PAPER
52.204-10	REPORTING EXECUTIVE COMPENSATIONA AND FIRST-TIER SUBCONTRACT AWARDS
52.204-13	SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT MAINTENANCE
52.204-18	COMMERCIAL AND GOVERNMENT ENTITY CODE MAINTENANCE

52.204-25	PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT
52.209-6	PROTECTING THE GOVERNMENT'S INTEREST WHEN SUBCONTRACTING WITH CONTRACTORS DEBARRED, SUSPENDED, OR PROPOSED FOR DEBARMENT
52.209-9	UPDATES OF PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION REGARDING RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS
52.209-10	PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING WITH INVERTED DOMESTIC CORPORATIONS
52.210-1	MARKETING REASEARCH
52.211-5	MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS
52.211-15	DEFENSE PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION REQUIREMENTS
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52.215-14	INTEGRITY OF UNIT PRICES
52.215-15	PENSION ADJUSTMENTS AND ASSET REVERSIONS
52.215-18	REVERSION OR ADJUSTMENT OF PLANS FOR POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS (PRB) OTHER THAN PENSIONS
52.215-23	LIMITATIONS ON PASS THROUGH CHARGES
52.219-8	UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS
52.219-9	SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN
52.219-16	LIQUIDATED DAMAGES - SUBCONTRACTING PLAN
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52.222-3	CONVICT LABOR
52.222-4	CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT - OVERTIME COMPENSATION
52.222-19	CHILD LABOR -COOPERATION WITH AUTHORITIES AND REMEDIES
52.222-20	CONTRACTS FOR MATERIALS , SUPPLIES, ARTICLES, AND EQUIPMENT EXCEEDING \$15,000
52.222-21	PROHIBITION OF SEGREGATED FACILITIES
52.222-26	EQUAL OPPORTUNITY
52.222-37	EMPLOYMENT REPORTS ON VETERANS
52.222-40	NOTIFICATION OFEMPLOYEE RIGHTS UNDER THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATED RELATIONS ACT
52.222-50	COMBATTING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS
52.222-54	EMPLOYEE ELIGIBILITY VERIFICATION
52.222-60	PAYCHECK TRANSPARENCY
52.223-5	POLLUTION PREVENTION AND RIGHT-TO-KNOW INFORMATION
52.223-6	DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE
52.223-18	ENCOURAGING CONTRACTOR POLICES TO BAN TEXT MESSAGING WHILE DRIVING
52.225-13	RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN FOREIGN PURCHASES
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52.227-2	NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING PATENT AND COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT
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252.204-7000	DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
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252.204-7004	ALTERNATE A, SYSTEM FOR AWARD MANAGEMENT
252.204-7006	BILLING INSTRUCTIONS
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52.209-3 FIRST ARTICLE APPROVAL -- CONTRACTOR TESTING

(a) The Contractor shall test:

CLIN 0001 & 0002

 $60mm\ M204,\ M235\ \&\ M236\ Mortar\ Propelling\ Charge:\ Items/quantities\ per\ Table\ III\ of\ MIL-DTL-32276\ Notice\ 1.$

CLIN 0004

81mm M218, M219 & M220 Mortar Propelling Charge: Items/quantities per Table III of MIL-DTL-70545A w/Amendment 1. CLIN 0006

120mm M234A1 Mortar Propelling Charge: Items/quantities per Table I of DTL 12977282 w/Amendment 1.

- (a) At least 15 calendar days before the beginning of First Article Tests, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer, inwriting, of the time and location of the testing so that the Government may witness the tests.
- (b) The Contractor shall submit the First Article Test Report within 10 days after completion of the First Article Test to Nathan.J.Ash.civ@mail.mil marked First Article Test Report: Contract No.____, Lot/Item No.___. Within 45 calendar days after the Government receives the test report, the Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor, in writing, of the conditional approval, approval, or disapproval of the First Article. The notice of conditional approval or approval shall not relieve the Contractor fromcomplying with all requirements of the specifications and all other terms and conditions of this contract. A notice of conditional approval shall state any further action required of the Contractor. A notice of disapproval shall cite reasons for the disapproval.
- (c) If the First Article is disapproved, the Contractor, upon Government request, shall repeat any or all First Article Tests. After each request for additional tests, the Contractor shall make any necessary changes, modifications, or repairs to the First Article orselect another First Article for testing. All costs related to these tests are to be borne by the Contractor, including any and all costs for additional tests following a disapproval. The Contractor shall then conduct the tests and deliver another report to the Government under the terms and conditions and within the time specified by the Government. The Government shall take action on this report within the time specified in paragraph (b) above. The Government reserves the right to require an equitable adjustment of the contract price for any extension of the delivery schedule, or for any additional costs to the Government related to these tests.
- (d) If the Contractor fails to deliver any First Article Report on time, or the Contracting Officer disapproves any First Article, the Contractor shall be deemed to have failed to make delivery within the meaning of the Default clause of this contract.
- (e) Unless otherwise provided in the contract, and if the approved First Article is not consumed or destroyed in testing, the Contractormay deliver the approved First Article as part of the contract quantity if it meets all contract requirements for acceptance.
- (f) If the Government does not act within the time specified in paragraph (b) or (c) above, the Contracting Officer shall, upon timely written request from the Contractor, equitably adjust under the changes clause of this contract the delivery or performance dates and/orthe contract price, and any other contractual term affected by the delay.
- (g) Before First Article approval, the acquisition of materials or components for, or the commencement of production of, the balance of the contract quantity is at the sole risk of the Contractor. Before First Article approval, the costs

thereof shall not be allocable tothis contract for

- (1) progress payments, or
- (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government.
- (h) The Government may waive the requirement for First Article approval test where supplies identical or similar to those called for inthe schedule have been previously furnished by the offeror/contractor and have been accepted by the Government. The offeror/contractor may request a waiver.

(End of Clause)

52.209-4 FIRST ARTICLE APPROVAL -- GOVERNMENT TESTING

The contractor shall deliver:

CLIN 0001 & 0002

60mm M204, M235 & M236 Mortar Propelling Charge: Items/quantities per Table III of MIL-DTL-32276 Notice 1. Contractor shall complete all specification defined FAT requirements except for the Ballistic Test prior to shipment of the First Article sample. Shipment of ballistic samples to Government Proving Ground must be authorized by the Government.

CLIN 0004

81mm M218, M219 & M220 Mortar Propelling Charge: Items/quantities per Table III of MIL-DTL-70545A w/Amendment 1. Contractor shallcomplete all specification defined FAT requirements except for the Ballistic Test prior to shipment of the First Article sample.

Shipment of ballistic samples to Government Proving Ground must be authorized by the government.

CLIN 0006

120mm M234A1 Mortar Propelling Charge: Items/quantities per Table I of DTL 12977282. Contractor shall complete all specification defined FAT requirements except for the Ballistic Test prior to shipment of the First Article sample. Shipment of ballistic samples to Government Proving Ground must be authorized by the Government.

- (a) The Contractor shall deliver the items above 180 calendar days from the date of this contract to the Government at Yuma ProvingGround for First Article Tests. The shipping documentation shall contain this contract number and the Lot/Item identification. The characteristics that the first article must meet and the testing requirements are specified elsewhere in this contract.
- (b) Within 45 calendar days after the Government receives the first article, the Contracting Officer shall notify the Contractor, in writing, of the conditional approval, approval, or disapproval of the first article. The notice of conditional approval or approval shall not relieve the Contractor from complying with all requirements of the specifications and all other terms and conditions of this contract. A notice of conditional approval shall state any further action required of the Contractor. A notice of disapproval shall citereasons for the disapproval.
- (c) If the first article is disapproved, the Contractor, upon Government request, shall submit an additional First Article for testing. After each request, the Contractor shall make any necessary changes, modifications, or repairs to the first article or select another first article for testing. All costs related to these tests are to be borne by the Contractor, including any and all costs for additional tests following a disapproval. The Contractor shall furnish any additional first article to the Government under the terms and conditions and within the time specified by the Government. The Government shall act

on this first article within the time limit specified in paragraph (b) of this clause. The Government reserves the right to require an equitable adjustment of the contract price for any extension of the delivery schedule or for any additional costs to the Government related to these tests.

- (d) If the Contractor fails to deliver any first article on time, or the Contracting Officer disapproves any first article, the Contractor shall be deemed to have failed to make delivery within the meaning of the Default clause of this contract.
- (e) Unless otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor --
 - (1) May deliver the approved first article as a part of the contract quantity, provided it meets all contract requirements foracceptance and was not consumed or destroyed in testing; and
 - (2) Shall remove and dispose of any first article from the Government test facility at the Contractors expense.
- (f) If the Government does not act within the time specified in paragraph (b) or (c) of this clause, the Contracting Officer shall, upontimely written request from the Contractor, equitably adjust under the Changes clause of this contract the delivery or performance datesand/or the contract price, and any other contractual term affected by the delay.
- (g) The Contractor is responsible for providing operating and maintenance instructions, spare parts support, and repair of the firstarticle during any first article test.
- (h) Before first article approval, the acquisition of materials or components for, or the commencement of production of, the balance of the contract quantity is at the sole risk of the Contractor. Before first article approval, the costs thereof shall not be allocable to this contract for
 - (1) progress payments, or
 - (2) termination settlements if the contract is terminated for the convenience of the Government.
- (i) The Government may waive the requirement for first article approval test where supplies identical or similar to those called for inthe schedule have been previously furnished by the Offeror/Contractor and have been accepted by the Government. The Offeror/Contractor may request a waiver.

(End of Clause)

52.216-19 ORDER LIMITATIONS

- (a) Minimum order. When the Government requires supplies or services covered by this contract in an amount of less than the minimum quantity listed on Attachment 0001, the Government is not obligated to purchase, nor is the Contractor obligated to furnish, those supplies or services under the contract.
- (b) Maximum order. The Contractor is not obligated to honor --
 - (1) Any order for a single item in excess of the highest range listed in Attachment 0001;
 - (2) Any order for a combination of items in excess of N/A; or
 - (3) A series of orders from the same ordering office within 30 days that together call for quantities exceeding the limitation insubparagraph (b)(1) or (2) of this section.
- (c) If this is a requirements contract (i.e., includes the Requirements clause at subsection 52.216-21 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR)), the Government is not required to order a part of any one requirement from the Contractor if that requirement exceeds the maximum-order limitations in paragraph (b) of this section.

(d) Notwithstanding paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, the Contractor shall honor any order exceeding the maximum order limitations in paragraph (b), unless that order (or orders) is returned to the ordering office within 5 days after issuance, with written notice stating the Contractors intent not to ship the item (or items) called for and the reasons. Upon receiving this notice, the Government may acquire the supplies or services from another source.

(End of Clause)

52.216-22 INDEFINITE QUANTITY

- (a) This is an indefinite-quantity contract for the supplies or services specified, and effective for the period stated, in the Schedule. The quantities of supplies and services specified in the Schedule are estimates only and are not purchased by this contract.
- (b) Delivery or performance shall be made only as authorized by orders issued in accordance with the Ordering clause. The Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when and if ordered, the supplies or services specified in the Schedule up to and including the quantity designated in the Schedule as the maximum. The Government shall order at least the quantity of supplies or services designated in the Schedule as the minimum.
- (c) Except for any limitations on quantities in the Order Limitations clause or in the Schedule, there is no limit on the number oforders that may be issued. The Government may issue orders requiring delivery to multiple destinations or performance at multiple locations.
- (d) Any order issued during the effective period of this contract and not completed within that period shall be completed by the Contractor within the time specified in the order. The contract shall govern the Contractor's and Government's rights and obligations with respect to that order to the same extent as if the order were completed during the contracts effective period; provided, that the Contractor shall not be required to make any deliveries under this contract after the period of performance has expired on the last delivery order.

(End of Clause)

52.222-35 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS (OCT 2015) -- ALTERNATE I (JUL 2014)

Notice: The following term(s) of this clause are waived for contract: N/A.

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause--
 - "Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "protected veteran," "qualified disabled veteran," and "recently separated veteran" have the meanings given at FAR 22.1301.
- (b) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-300.5(a), asof March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified protected veterans, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified protected veterans.
- (c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts of \$150,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shallbe appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

52.222-36 AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES (JUL 2014) ALTERNATE I (JUL 2014)

Notice: The following term(s) of this clause are waived for this contract: N/A

- (a) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-741.5(a), asof March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals on the basis of disability, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities.
- (b) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of \$15,000 unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs of the U.S. Department ofLabor, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

52.225-4503 RESTRICTION OF CRITICAL ITEMS AND COMPONENTS (ACC-RI)

- (a) The items and components listed in paragraphs (b) and (c) are critical to the support of national defense items. As such, it is necessary to create and/or maintain a domestic capability for the production of these items and components by limiting production and procurement to the United States/Canadian industrial base.
- (b) Items listed in this paragraph, to include all components contained therein, down to but not including raw materials (unless a more stringent restriction applies as set forth elsewhere in this contract), must be manufactured, assembled, and tested in the United States or Canada. Raw material is defined as material in the mill forms and shapes normally produced for commercial use.

N/A

(c) Components listed in this paragraph must be manufactured, assembled, and tested in the United States or Canada.

60mm, 81mm, and 120mm Mortar Increment Containers Nitrocellulose (NC)

In all cases, final assembly and testing of the items listed in the Schedule in Section B of this contract must be performed in the United States or Canada.

- (d) The failure of the Contractor or subcontractor(s) to comply with the terms of this clause shall be a material breach of the contract.
- (e) The Contractor will insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in every subcontract for items or components identified above to ensure flowdown to, but not including, raw materials.

(End of clause)

52.232-16 PROGRESS PAYMENTS

The Government will make progress payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more frequently than monthly inamounts of \$2,500 or more approved by the Contracting Officer, under the following conditions:

- (a) Computation of amounts.
 - (1) Unless the Contractor requests a smaller amount, the Government will compute each progress payment as 80 percent of the Contractors total costs incurred under this contract whether or not actually paid, plus financing payments to subcontractors (see paragraph (j) of this clause), less the sum of all previous progress payments made by the Government under this contract. The Contracting Officer will consider cost of money that would be allowable under FAR 31.205-10 as an incurred cost for progress paymentpurposes.

- (2) The amount of financing and other payments for supplies and services purchased directly for the contract are limited to the amounts that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment, or that are determined due will be paid to subcontractors--
 - (i) In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract of invoice; and
 - (ii) Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractors payment request to the Government.
- (3) The Government will exclude accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans until actually paid unless--
 - (i) The Contractors practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and
 - (ii) The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period (anycontribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractors total costs for progress payments until paid).
- (4) The Contractor shall not include the following in total costs for progress payment purposes in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause:
 - (i) Costs that are not reasonable, allocable to this contract, and consistent with sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
 - (ii) Costs incurred by subcontractors or suppliers.
 - (iii) Costs ordinarily capitalized and subject to depreciation or amortization except for the properly depreciated or amortized portion of such costs.
 - (iv)Payments made or amounts payable to the subcontractors or suppliers, except for--
 - (A) completed work, including partial deliveries, to which the Contractor has acquired title; and
 - (B) Work under cost-reimbursement or time-and-material subcontracts to which the Contractor has acquired title.
- (5) The amount of unliquidated progress payments may exceed neither (i) the progress payments made against incomplete work (including allowable unliquidated progress payments to subcontractors) nor (ii) the value, for progress payment purposes, of the incomplete work. Incomplete work shall be considered to be the supplies and services required by this contract, for which delivery and invoicing by the Contractor and acceptance by the Government are incomplete.
- (6) The total amount of progress payments shall not exceed 80 percent of the total contract price.
- (7) If a progress payment or the unliquidated progress payments exceed the amounts permitted by subparagraphs (a)(4) or (a)(5) above, the Contractor shall repay the amount of such excess to the Government on demand.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other terms of the contract, the Contractor agrees not to request progress payments in dollar amounts of lessthan \$2,500. The Contracting Officer may make exceptions.
- (9) The costs applicable to items delivered, invoiced, and accepted shall not include costs in excess of the contract price of theitems.
- (b) Liquidation. Except as provided in the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause, all progress payments TCD-17-01, 31May2023

shall be liquidated by deducting from any payment under this contract, other than advance or progress payments, the unliquidated progress payments, or 80 percent of the amount invoiced, whichever is less. The Contractor shall repay to the Government any amounts required by a retroactive price reduction, after computing liquidations and payments on past invoices at the reduced prices and adjusting the unliquidated progress payments accordingly. The Government reserves the right to unilaterally change from the ordinary liquidation rate oan alternate rate when deemed appropriate for proper contract financing.

- (c) Reduction or suspension. The Contracting Officer may reduce or suspend progress payments, increase the rate of liquidation, or takea combination of these actions, after finding on substantial evidence any of the following conditions:
 - (1) The Contractor failed to comply with any material requirement of this contract (which includes paragraphs (f) and (g) below).
 - (2) Performance of this contract is endangered by the Contractors --
 - (i) Failure to make progress; or
 - (ii) Unsatisfactory financial condition.
 - (3) Inventory allocated to this contract substantially exceeds reasonable requirements.
 - (4) The Contractor is delinguent in payment of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.
 - (5) The fair value of the undelivered work is less than the amount of unliquidated progress payments for that work.
 - (6) The Contractor is realizing less profit than that reflected in the establishment of any alternate liquidation rate in paragraph (b) above, and that rate is less than the progress payment rate stated in subparagraph (a)(1) above.
- (d) Title.
 - (1) Title to the property described in this paragraph (d) shall vest in the Government. Vestiture shall be immediately upon the dateof this contract, for property acquired or produced before that date. Otherwise, vestiture shall occur when the property is or should have been allocable or properly chargeable to this contract.
 - (2) Property, as used in this clause, includes all of the below-described items acquired or produced by the Contractor that are orshould be allocable or properly chargeable to this contract under sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
 - (i) Parts, materials, inventories, and work in process;
 - (ii) Special tooling and special test equipment to which the Government is to acquire title;
 - (iii) Nondurable (i.e., noncapital) tools, jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, test equipment, and other similarmanufacturing aids, title to which would not be obtained as special tooling under subparagraph (ii) above; and
 - (iv) Drawings and technical data, to the extent the Contractor or subcontractors are required to deliver them to the Government byother clauses of this contract.
 - (3) Although title to property is in the Government under this clause, other applicable clauses of this contract; e.g., thetermination clauses, shall determine the handling and disposition of the property.
 - (4) The Contractor may sell any scrap resulting from production under this contract without requesting the Contracting Officersapproval, but the proceeds shall be credited against the costs of performance.
 - (5) To acquire for its own use or dispose of property to which title is vested in the Government under this clause, the Contractormust obtain the Contractor of Government under this clause, the
 - (i) exclude the allocable costs of the property from the costs of contract performance, and

- (ii) repay to the Government any amount of unliquidated progress payments allocable to the property. Repayment may be by cash orcredit memorandum.
- (6) When the Contractor completes all of the obligations under this contract, including liquidation of all progress payments, titleshall vest in the Contractor for all property (or the proceeds thereof) not --
 - (i) Delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract; or
 - (ii) Incorporated in supplies delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract and to which title is vested in the Government under this clause.
- (7) The terms of this contract concerning liability for Government-furnished property shall not apply to property to which the Government acquired title solely under this clause.
- (e) Risk of loss. Before delivery to and acceptance by the Government, the Contractor shall bear the risk of loss for property, the title to which vests in the Government under this clause, except to the extent the Government expressly assumes the risk. The Contractorshall repay the Government an amount equal to the unliquidated progress payments that are based on costs allocable to property that is lost (see 45.101).
- (f) Control of costs and property. The Contractor shall maintain an accounting system and controls adequate for the properadministration of this clause.
- (g) Reports, forms, and access to records.
 - (1) The Contractor shall promptly furnish reports, certificates, financial statements, and other pertinent information (including estimates to complete) reasonably requested by the Contracting Officer for the administration of this clause. Also, the Contractor shall give the Government reasonable opportunity to examine and verify the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.
 - (2) The Contractor shall furnish estimates to complete that have been developed or updated within six months of the date of the progress payment request. The estimates to complete shall represent the Contractor's best estimate of total costs to complete all remaining contract work required under the contract. The estimates shall include sufficient detail to permit Government verification.
 - (3) Each Contractor request for progress payment shall:
 - (i) Be submitted on Standard Form 1443, Contractor's Request for Progress Payment, or the electronic equivalent as required byagency regulations, in accordance with the form instructions and the contract terms; and
 - (ii) Include any additional supporting documentation requested by the Contracting Officer.
- (h) Special terms regarding default. If this contract is terminated under the Default clause,
 - (i) the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated progress payments and
 - (ii) (ii) title shall vest in the Contractor, on full liquidation of progress payments, for all property for which the Government electsnot to require delivery under the Default clause. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Default clause.
- (i) Reservations of rights.
 - (1) No payment or vesting of title under this clause shall --
 - (i) Excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract; or
 - (ii) Constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.

- (2) The Governments rights and remedies under this clause --
 - (i) Shall not be exclusive but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract; and
 - (ii) Shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.
- (j) Financing payments to subcontractors. The financing payments to subcontractors mentioned in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this clause shall be all financing payments to subcontractors or divisions, if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The amounts included are limited to --
 - (i) The unliquidated remainder of financing payments made; plus
 - (ii) Any unpaid subcontractor requests for financing payments.
 - (2) The subcontract or interdivisional order is expected to involve a minimum of approximately 6 months between the beginning of workand the first delivery, or, if the subcontractor is a small business concern, 4 months.
 - (3) If the financing payments are in the form or progress payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerningprogress payments --
 - (i) Are substantially similar to the terms of the clause for any subcontractor that is a large business concern, or that clause withits Alternate I for any subcontractor that is a small business concern;
 - (ii) Are at least as favorable to the Government as the terms of this clause;
 - (iii) Are not more favorable to the subcontractor or division than the terms of this clause are to the Contractor;
 - (iv) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(e); and
 - (v) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Governments right to require delivery of the property to the Government if --
 - (A) The Contractor defaults: or
 - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
 - (4) If the financing payments are in the form of performance-based payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional orderconcerning payments--
 - (i) Are substantially similar to the Performance-Based Payments clause at FAR 52.232-32 and meet the criteria for, and definitionof, performance-based payments in FAR Part 32;
 - (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(f); and
 - (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Governments right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
 - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
 - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
 - (5) If the financing payments are in the form of commercial item financing payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisionalorder concerning payments
 - (i) Are constructed in accordance with FAR 32.206(c) and included in a subcontract for a commercial item

purchase that meets thedefinition and standards for acquisition of commercial items in FAR Part 2 and 12;

- (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(g); and
- (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Governments right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
 - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
 - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (6) If financing is in the form of progress payments, the progress payment rate in the subcontract is the customary rate used by the contracting agency, depending on whether the subcontractor is or is not a small business concern.
- (7) Concerning any proceeds received by the Government for property to which title has vested in the Government under the subcontractterms, the parties agree that the proceeds shall be applied to reducing any unliquidated financing payments by the Government to the Contractor under this contract.
- (8) If no unliquidated financing payments to the Contractor remain, but there are unliquidated financing payments that the Contractorhas made to any subcontractor, the Contractor shall be subrogated to all the rights the Government obtained through the terms required by this clause to be in any subcontract, as if all such rights had been assigned and transferred to the Contractor.
- (9) To facilitate small business participation in subcontracting under this contract, the Contractor shall provide financing paymentsto small business concerns, in conformity with the standards for customary contract financing payments stated in Subpart 32.113. The Contractor shall not consider the need for such financing payments as a handicap or adverse factor in the award of subcontracts.
- (k) Limitations on undefinitized contract actions. Notwithstanding any other progress payment provisions in this contract, progress payments may not exceed 80 percent of costs incurred on work accomplished under undefinitized contract actions. A contract action is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in Subpart 2.1, including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but notincluding contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes. This limitation shall apply to the costs incurred, as computed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, and shall remain in effect until the contract action is definitized. Costs incurred which are subject to this limitation shall be segregated on Contractor progress payment requests and invoices from those costs eligible for higher progress payment rates. For purposes of progress payment liquidation, as described in paragraph (b) of this clause, progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall be liquidated at 80 percent of the amount invoiced for work performed under the undefinitized contract action as long as the contract action remains undefinitized. The amount of unliquidated progress payments forundefinitized contract actions shall not exceed 80 percent of the maximum liability of the Government under the undefinitized contract action or such lower limit specified elsewhere in the contract. Separate limits may be specified for separate actions.
- (I) Due date. The designated payment office will make progress payments on the 15th day after the designated billing office receives aproper progress payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific progress payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make a payment by the specified due date. Progress payments are considered contract financing and are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act.
- (m) Progress payments under indefinite delivery contracts. The Contractor shall account for and submit progress payment requests underindividual orders as if the order constituted a separate contract, unless otherwise specified in this contract.

(End of Clause)

52.232-16 PROGRESS PAYMENTS (DEVIATION 2020-00010)

The Government will make progress payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but not more frequently than monthly, in amounts of \$2,500 or more approved by the Contracting Officer, under the following conditions:

(a) Computation of amounts.

- (1) Unless the Contractor requests a smaller amount, the Government will compute each progress payment as 90 percent of the Contractor's total costs incurred under this contract whether or not actually paid, plus financing payments to subcontractors (see paragraph (j) of this clause), less the sum of all previous progress payments made by the Government under this contract. The Contracting Officer will consider cost of money that would be allowable under FAR 31.205-10 as an incurred cost for progress payment purposes.
- (2) The amount of financing and other payments for supplies and services purchased directly for the contract are limited to the amounts that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment, or that are determined due and will be paid to subcontractors--
 - (i) In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and
 - (ii) Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Government.
- (3) The Government will exclude accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans until actually paid unless-
 - (i) The Contractor's practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and
 - (ii) The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractor's total costs for progress payments until paid).
- (4) The Contractor shall not include the following in total costs for progress payment purposes in paragraph (a)(1) of this clause:
 - Costs that are not reasonable, allocable to this contract, and consistent with sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
 - (ii) Costs incurred by subcontractors or suppliers.
 - (iii) Costs ordinarily capitalized and subject to depreciation or amortization except for the properly depreciated or amortized portion of such costs.
 - (iv) Payments made or amounts payable to subcontractors or suppliers, except for--
 - (1) Completed work, including partial deliveries, to which the Contractor has acquired title; and
 - (2) Work under cost-reimbursement or time-and-material subcontracts to which the Contractor has acquired title.
- (5) The amount of unliquidated progress payments may exceed neither (i) the progress payments made against incomplete work (including allowable unliquidated progress payments to subcontractors) nor (ii) the value, for progress payment purposes, of the incomplete work. Incomplete work shall be considered to be the supplies and services required by this contract, for which delivery and invoicing by the Contractor and acceptance by the Government are incomplete.
- (6) The total amount of progress payments shall not exceed 90 percent of the total contract price.
- (7) If a progress payment or the unliquidated progress payments exceed the amounts permitted by subparagraphs (a)(4) or (a)(5) above, the Contractor shall repay the amount of such excess to the Government on demand.
- (8) Notwithstanding any other terms of the contract, the Contractor agrees not to request progress payments in dollar amounts of less than \$2,500. The Contracting Officer may make exceptions.
- (9) The costs applicable to items delivered, invoiced, and accepted shall not include costs in excess of the contract price of the items.
- (b) Liquidation. Except as provided in the Termination for Convenience of the Government clause, all progress payments shall be liquidated by deducting from any payment under this contract, other than advance or progress payments, the unliquidated progress payments, or 90 percent of the amount invoiced, whichever is less. The Contractor shall repay to the Government any amounts required by a retroactive price reduction, after computing liquidations and payments on past invoices at the reduced prices and adjusting the unliquidated progress payments accordingly. The Government reserves the right to unilaterally change from the ordinary liquidation rate to an alternate rate when deemed appropriate for proper contract financing.

- (c) Reduction or suspension. The Contracting Officer may reduce or suspend progress payments, increase the rate of liquidation, or take a combination of these actions, after finding on substantial evidence any of the following conditions:
 - (1) The Contractor failed to comply with any material requirement of this contract (which includes paragraphs (f) and (g) below).
 - (2) Performance of this contract is endangered by the Contractor's (i) failure to make progress or (ii) unsatisfactory financial condition.
 - (3) Inventory allocated to this contract substantially exceeds reasonable requirements.
 - (4) The Contractor is delinquent in payment of the costs of performing this contract in the ordinary course of business.
 - (5) The fair value of the undelivered work is less than the amount of unliquidated progress payments for that work.
 - (6) The Contractor is realizing less profit than that reflected in the establishment of any alternate liquidation rate in paragraph (b) above, and that rate is less than the progress payment rate stated in subparagraph (a)(1) above.

(d) Title.

- (1) Title to the property described in this paragraph (d) shall vest in the Government. Vestiture shall be immediately upon the date of this contract, for property acquired or produced before that date. Otherwise, vestiture shall occur when the property is or should have been allocable or properly chargeable to this contract.
- (2) Property, as used in this clause, includes all of the below-described items acquired or produced by the Contractor that are or should be allocable or properly chargeable to this contract under sound and generally accepted accounting principles and practices.
 - (i) Parts, materials, inventories, and work in process;
 - (ii) Special tooling and special test equipment to which the Government is to acquire title;
 - (iii) Nondurable (i.e., noncapital) tools, jigs, dies, fixtures, molds, patterns, taps, gauges, test equipment, and other similar manufacturing aids, title to which would not be obtained as special tooling under subparagraph (ii) above; and
 - (iv) Drawings and technical data, to the extent the Contractor or subcontractors are required to deliver them to the Government by other clauses of this contract.
- (3) Although title to property is in the Government under this clause, other applicable clauses of this contract, e.g., the termination clauses, shall determine the handling and disposition of the property.
- (4) The Contractor may sell any scrap resulting from production under this contract without requesting the Contracting Officer's approval, but the proceeds shall be credited against the costs of performance.
- (5) To acquire for its own use or dispose of property to which title is vested in the Government under this clause, the Contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's advance approval of the action and the terms. The Contractor shall (i) exclude the allocable costs of the property from the costs of contract performance, and (ii) repay to the Government any amount of unliquidated progress payments allocable to the property. Repayment may be by cash or credit memorandum.
- (6) When the Contractor completes all of the obligations under this contract, including liquidation of all progress payments, title shall vest in the Contractor for all property (or the proceeds thereof) not--
 - (i) Delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract; or
 - (ii) Incorporated in supplies delivered to, and accepted by, the Government under this contract and to which title is vested in the Government under this clause.

- (7) The terms of this contract concerning liability for Government-furnished property shall not apply to property to which the Government acquired title solely under this clause.
- (e) Risk of loss. Before delivery to and acceptance by the Government, the Contractor shall bear the risk of loss for property, the title to which vests in the Government under this clause, except to the extent the Government expressly assumes the risk. The Contractor shall repay the Government an amount equal to the unliquidated progress payments that are based on costs allocable to property that is lost (see 45.101).
- (f) Control of costs and property. The Contractor shall maintain an accounting system and controls adequate for the proper administration of this clause.
- (g) Reports, forms, and access to records.
 - (1) The Contractor shall promptly furnish reports, certificates, financial statements, and other pertinent information (including estimates to complete) reasonably requested by the Contracting Officer for the administration of this clause. Also, the Contractor shall give the Government reasonable opportunity to examine and verify the Contractor's books, records, and accounts.
 - (2) The Contractor shall furnish estimates to complete that have been developed or updated within six months of the date of the progress payment request. The estimates to complete shall represent the Contractor's best estimate of total costs to complete all remaining contract work required under the contract. The estimates shall include sufficient detail to permit Government verification.
 - (3) Each Contractor request for progress payment shall:
 - (i) Be submitted on Standard Form 1443, Contractor's Request for Progress Payment, or the electronic equivalent as required by agency regulations, in accordance with the form instructions and the contract terms; and
 - (ii) Include any additional supporting documentation requested by the Contracting Officer.
- (h) Special terms regarding default. If this contract is terminated under the Default clause, (i) the Contractor shall, on demand, repay to the Government the amount of unliquidated progress payments, and (ii) title shall vest in the Contractor, on full liquidation of progress payments, for all property for which the Government elects not to require delivery under the Default clause. The Government shall be liable for no payment except as provided by the Default clause.
- (i) Reservations of rights.
 - (1) No payment or vesting of title under this clause shall (i) excuse the Contractor from performance of obligations under this contract or (ii) constitute a waiver of any of the rights or remedies of the parties under the contract.
 - (2) The Government's rights and remedies under this clause (i) shall not be exclusive but rather shall be in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or this contract and (ii) shall not be affected by delayed, partial, or omitted exercise of any right, remedy, power, or privilege, nor shall such exercise or any single exercise preclude or impair any further exercise under this clause or the exercise of any other right, power, or privilege of the Government.
- (j) Financing payments to subcontractors. The financing payments to subcontractors mentioned in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this clause shall be all financing payments to subcontractors or divisions, if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The amounts included are limited to--
 - (i) The unliquidated remainder of financing payments made; plus
 - (ii) Any unpaid subcontractor requests for financing payments.
 - (2) The subcontract or interdivisional order is expected to involve a minimum of approximately 6 months between the beginning of work and the first delivery; or, if the subcontractor is a small business concern, 4 months.

- (3) If the financing payments are in the form of progress payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning progress payments--
 - (i) Are substantially similar to the terms of this clause for any subcontractor that is a large business concern, or this clause with its Alternate I for any subcontractor that is a small business concern;
 - (ii) Are at least as favorable to the Government as the terms of this clause;
 - (iii) Are not more favorable to the subcontractor or division than the terms of this clause are to the Contractor;
 - (iv) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(e); and
 - (v) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
 - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
 - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (4) If the financing payments are in the form of performance-based payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments--
 - (i) Are substantially similar to the Performance-Based Payments clause at FAR 52.232-32 and meet the criteria for, and definition of, performance-based payments in FAR Part 32;
 - (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(f); and
 - (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
 - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
 - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (5) If the financing payments are in the form of commercial item financing payments, the terms of the subcontract or interdivisional order concerning payments--
 - (i) Are constructed in accordance with FAR 32.206(c) and included in a subcontract for a commercial item purchase that meets the definition and standards for acquisition of commercial items in FAR Parts 2 and 12;
 - (ii) Are in conformance with the requirements of FAR 32.504(g); and
 - (iii) Subordinate all subcontractor rights concerning property to which the Government has title under the subcontract to the Government's right to require delivery of the property to the Government if--
 - (A) The Contractor defaults; or
 - (B) The subcontractor becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- (6) If financing is in the form of progress payments, the progress payment rate in the subcontract is the customary rate used by the contracting agency, depending on whether the subcontractor is or is not a small business concern.
- (7) Concerning any proceeds received by the Government for property to which title has vested in the Government under the subcontract terms, the parties agree that the proceeds shall be applied to reducing any unliquidated financing payments by the Government to the Contractor under this contract.
- (8) If no unliquidated financing payments to the Contractor remain, but there are unliquidated financing payments that the Contractor has made to any subcontractor, the Contractor shall be subrogated to all the rights the Government obtained through the terms required by this clause to be in any subcontract, as if all such rights had been assigned and transferred to the Contractor.

- (9) To facilitate small business participation in subcontracting under this contract, the Contractor shall provide financing payments to small business concerns, in conformity with the standards for customary contract financing payments stated in FAR 32.113. The Contractor shall not consider the need for such financing payments as a handicap or adverse factor in the award of subcontracts.
- (k) Limitations on undefinitized contract actions. Notwithstanding any other progress payment provisions in this contract, progress payments may not exceed 80 percent of costs incurred on work accomplished under undefinitized contract actions. A contract action is any action resulting in a contract, as defined in subpart 2.1, including contract modifications for additional supplies or services, but not including contract modifications that are within the scope and under the terms of the contract, such as contract modifications issued pursuant to the Changes clause, or funding and other administrative changes. This limitation shall apply to the costs incurred, as computed in accordance with paragraph (a) of this clause, and shall remain in effect until the contract action is definitized. Costs incurred which are subject to this limitation shall be segregated on Contractor progress payment requests and invoices from those costs eligible for higher progress payment rates. For purposes of progress payment liquidation, as described in paragraph (b) of this clause, progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall be liquidated at 80 percent of the amount invoiced for work performed under the undefinitized contract action as long as the contract action remains undefinitized. The amount of unliquidated progress payments for undefinitized contract actions shall not exceed 80 percent of the maximum liability of the Government under the undefinitized contract action or such lower limit specified elsewhere in the contract. Separate limits may be specified for separate actions.
- (I) Due date. The designated payment office will make progress payments on the -1- day after the designated billing office receives a proper progress payment request. In the event that the Government requires an audit or other review of a specific progress payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date. Progress payments are considered contract financing and are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act.
- (m) Progress payments under indefinite-delivery contracts. The Contractor shall account for and submit progress payment requests under individual orders as if the order constituted a separate contract, unless otherwise specified in this contract.

(End of clause)

52.246-11 HIGHER-LEVEL CONTRACT QUALITY REQUIREMENT

(a) The contractor shall comply with the higher-level quality standard(s) listed below.

ISO 9001:2008 or equivalent; only design/development exclusions permitted

- (b) The contractor shall include applicable requirements of the higher-level quality standard(s) listed in paragraph (a) of this clause and the requirement to flow down such standards, as applicable, to lower-tier subcontracts in—
 - (1) Any subcontract for critical and complex items (see 46.203(b) and (c)); or
 - (2) When the technical requirements of a subcontract require—
 - (i) Control of such things as design, work operations, in-process control, testing and inspection; or
 - (ii) Attention to such factors as organization, planning, work instructions, documentation control, and advanced metrology.

(End of clause)

52.246-17 WARRANTY OF SUPPLIES OF A NON-COMPLEX NATURE

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

Acceptance means the act of an authorized representative of the Government by which the Government assumes for itself, or as an agent of another, ownership of existing supplies, or approves specific services as partial or complete performance of the contract.

Supplies means the end items furnished by the contractor and related services required under the contract. The word does not includedata.

(b) Contractor's obligations.

- (1) Notwithstanding inspection and acceptance by the Government of supplies furnished under this contract, or any condition of thiscontract concerning the conclusiveness thereof, the contractor warrants that for 1,095 days after acceptance.
 - (i) All supplies furnished under this contract will be free from defects in material or workmanship and will conform with allrequirements of this contract; and
 - (ii) The preservation, packaging, packing, and marking, and the preparation for, and method of, shipment of such supplies willconform with the requirements of this contract.
- (2) When return, correction, or replacement is required, transportation charges and responsibility for the supplies while in transit shall be borne by the contractor. However, the contractors liability for the transportation charges shall not exceed an amount equal to the cost of transportation by the usual commercial method of shipment between the place of delivery specified in this contract and the contractors plant, and return.
- (3) Any supplies or parts thereof, corrected or furnished in replacement under this clause, shall also be subject to the terms of this clause to the same extent as supplies initially delivered. The warranty, with respect to supplies or parts thereof, shall be equalin duration to that in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause and shall run from the date of delivery of the corrected or replaced supplies.
- (4) All implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose are excluded from any obligation contained in this contract.
- (c) Remedies available to the Government.
 - (1) The Contracting Officer shall give written notice to the contractor of any breach of warranties in paragraph (b)(1) of this clausewithin 120 days.
 - (2) Within a reasonable time after the notice, the Contracting Officer may either --
 - (i) Require, by written notice, the prompt correction or replacement of any supplies or parts thereof (including preservation, packaging, packing, and marking) that do not conform with the requirements of this contract within the meaning of paragraph (b)(1) ofthis clause; or
 - (ii) Retain such supplies and reduce the contract price by an amount equitable under the circumstances.
 - (3) (i) If the contract provides for inspection of supplies by sampling procedures, conformance of supplies or components subject towarranty action shall be determined by the applicable sampling procedures in the contract. The Contracting Officer --
 - (A) May, for sampling purposes, group any supplies delivered under this contract;
 - (B) Shall require the size of the sample to be that required by sampling procedures specified in the contract for the quantity of supplies on which warranty action is proposed;
 - (C) May project warranty sampling results over supplies in the same shipment or other supplies contained in other shipments eventhough all of such supplies are not present at the point of reinspection; provided, that the supplies remaining are reasonably representative of the quantity on which warranty action is proposed; and
 - (D) Need not use the same lot size as on original inspection or reconstitute the original inspection lots.

- (ii) Within a reasonable time after notice of any breach of the warranties specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer may exercise one or more of the following options:
 - (A) Require an equitable adjustment in the contract price for any group of supplies.
 - (B) Screen the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause at the Contractors expense and return all nonconforming supplies to the contractor for correction or replacement.
 - (C) Require the contractor to screen the supplies at locations designated by the Government within the contiguous United Statesand to correct or replace all nonconforming supplies.
 - (D) Return the supplies grouped for warranty action under this clause to the contractor (irrespective of the F.O.B. point or the point of acceptance) for screening and correction or replacement.
- (4) (i) The Contracting Officer may, by contract or otherwise, correct or replace the nonconforming supplies with similar supplies from another source and charge to the contractor the cost occasioned to the Government thereby if the contractor --
 - (A) Fails to make redelivery of the corrected or replaced supplies within the time established for their return; or
 - (B) Fails either to accept return of the nonconforming supplies or fails to make progress after their return to correct or replacethem so as to endanger performance of the delivery schedule, and in either of these circumstances does not cure such failure within a period of 10 days (or such longer period as the Contracting Officer may authorize in writing) after receipt of notice from the Contracting Officer specifying such failure.
 - (ii) Instead of correction or replacement by the Government, the Contracting Officer may require an equitable adjustment of the contract price. In addition, if the contractor fails to furnish timely disposition instructions, the Contracting Officer may dispose of the nonconforming supplies for the contractors account in a reasonable manner. The Government is entitled to reimbursement from the contractor, or from the proceeds of such disposal, for the reasonable expenses of the care and disposition of the nonconforming supplies, as well as for excess costs incurred or to be incurred.
- (5) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause are in addition to and do not limit any rights afforded to the Government by any other clause of this contract.

(End of Clause)

52.246-4528 REWORK AND REPAIR OF NONCONFORMING MATERIAL (ACC-RI)

- (a) Rework and Repair are defined as follows:
 - Rework The reprocessing of nonconforming material to make it conform completely to the drawings, specifications or contract requirements.
 - (2) Repair The reprocessing of nonconforming material in accordance with approved written procedures and operations to reduce, but not completely eliminate, the nonconformance. The purpose of repair is to bring nonconforming material into a usable condition. Repair is distinguished from rework in that the item after repair still does not completely conform to all of the applicable drawings, specifications or contract requirements.
- (b) Rework procedures along with the associated inspection procedures shall be documented by the Contractor and submitted to the Government QAR for review prior to implementation. Rework procedures are subject to the QAR's disapproval.

- (c) Repair procedures shall be documented by the Contractor and submitted on a Request for Deviation/Waiver, DD Form 1694, to the Contracting Officer for review and written approval prior to implementation.
- (d) Whenever the Contractor submits a repair or rework procedure for Government review, the submission shall also include a description of the cause for the nonconformances and a description of the action taken or to be taken to prevent recurrence.
- (e) The rework or repair procedure shall also contain a provision for reinspection which will take precedence over the Technical Data Package requirements and shall, in addition, provide the Government assurance that the reworked or repaired items have met reprocessing requirements. (f) Rework and repair is a supply chain flow-down requirement that applies to contractors and their suppliers, vendors or subcontractors.

(End of clause)

52.247-4504 (ACC-RI)

TRANSPORTATION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

- (a) Supplies procured or furnished under this contract/subcontract, which are qualified as sensitive in accordance with DOD 5100.76-M (Physical Security of Sensitive Conventional Arms, Ammunition, and Explosives), or are shipped as DOT Hazard Class 1 Explosives -1-, require special Transportation Protective Service (TPS) during shipment from all points of origin to all destinations. TPS will be equivalent to the DOD security standard for the applicable sensitive category or explosive class identified under DOD 5100.76-M and DOD 4500.9R, Defense Transportation Regulation, parts II and III, as added to or amended by applicable military service policies in accordance with guidance provided by Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)/Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA).
- (b) Shipper's Defense Contract Management District/Area Operations (DCMD/DCMAO) transportation offices will furnish assistance in providing the sensitive category of items to be shipped, determining the TPS required, and obtaining the TPS from commercial carriers as necessary.
- (c) This clause must be entered in all contracts/subcontracts at any tier.

(End of Clause)

252.216-7006

ORDERING

- (a) Any supplies and services to be furnished under this contract shall be ordered by issuance of delivery orders or task orders by theindividuals or activities designated in the contract schedule. Such orders may be issued from date of award through 1825 days after award.
- (b) All delivery orders or task orders are subject to the terms and conditions of this contract. In the event of conflict between adelivery order or task order and this contract, the contract shall control.
- (c) (1) If issued electronically, the order is considered "issued" when a copy has been posted to the Electronic Document Access system, and notice has been sent to the Contractor.
 - (2) If mailed or transmitted by facsimile, a delivery order or task order is considered "issued" when the Government deposits theorder in the mail or transmits by facsimile. Mailing includes transmittal by U.S. mail or private delivery services.
 - (3) Orders may be issued orally only if authorized in the schedule.

(End of Clause)

252.223-7007 SAFEGUARDING SENSITIVE CONVENTIONAL ARMS, AMMUNITION, AND EXPLOSIVES

(a) Definition. "Arms, Ammunition, and Explosives (AA&E)," as used in this clause, means those items within the scope (Chapter 1, Paragraph B) of DoD 5100.76-M, Physical Security of Sensitive Conventional Arms, Ammunition, and Explosives.

(b) The requirements of DoD 5100.76-M apply to the following items of AA&E being developed, produced, manufactured, or purchased for theGovernment, or provided to the Contractor as Government-furnished property under this contract:

NOMENCLATUE	NATIONAL STOCK NUMBER	SENSITIVITY/ CATEGORY
Charge, Propelling; M204	1310-01-050-8896	7 / (VII)
Charge, Propelling; M235	1310-01-568-3208	7 / (VII)
Charge, Propelling; M236	1310-01-566-7489	7 / (VII)
Charge, Propelling; M218	1315-01-290-1598	4 / (IV)
Charge, Propelling; M219	1315-01-290-1597	7 / (VII)
Charge, Propelling; M220	1315-01-329-2575	3 / (III)
Charge, Propelling; M234A1	1315-01-599-5779	4 / (IV)

- (c) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of DoD 5100.76-M, as specified in the statement of work. The edition of DoD5100.76-M in effect on the date of issuance of the solicitation for this contract shall apply.
- (d) The Contractor shall allow representatives of the Defense Security Service (DSS), and representatives of other appropriate officesof the Government, access at all reasonable times into its facilities and those of its subcontractors, for the purpose of performing surveys, inspections, and investigations necessary to review compliance with the physical security standards applicable to this contract.
- (e) The Contractor shall notify the cognizant DSS field office of any subcontract involving AA&E within 10 days after award of the subcontract.
- (f) The Contractor shall ensure that the requirements of this clause are included in all subcontracts, at every tier--
 - (1) For the development, production, manufacture, or purchase of AA&E; or
 - (2) When AA&E will be provided to the subcontractor as Government-furnished property.
- (g) Nothing in this clause shall relieve the Contractor of its responsibility for complying with applicable Federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, codes, and regulations (including requirements for obtaining licenses and permits) in connection with the performance of this contract.

(End of clause)

52.204-4502 AMMUNITION LOT HISTORY FILE (ACC-RI)

- (a) A lot history file for each lot of material resulting from activities associated with production of material, renovation of material, and minor repairs to material to maintain serviceability, whether performed on a production line or atthe storage site (excluding minor maintenance/repairs) shall be generated and maintained by the operating contractor. Typical documents to be included in each lot history file are: ammunition data cards; letters; messages, etc. concerning the lot; proving ground messages; local test and inspection reports etc.; and receiving inspection discrepancy reports. The Contractor shall also maintain all lot history files currently on file at the contractor's facility. All lot history files, both those currently on file and those generated in the future shall be maintained and retained at the contractor's facility for seven years from the date of acceptance of the lot.
- (b) Lot history files may be retained by converting them to microfilm, microfiche or other acceptable microdata form. Original files shall be maintained until microdata conversion has been accomplished and reviewed to assure complete and legiblereproduction, after which original documents may be destroyed. Prior administrative approval, in accordance with AR 340-22 is required before a microfilm project can be initiated.
- (c) Lot history files less than 7 years old will be delivered to the Government upon termination of this (or successor contracts).

(End of clause)

52.228-4567 REQUIRED INSURANCE (ACC-RI)

Pursuant to paragraph (a) of FAR Clause 52.228-5, Insurance Work on a Government Installation, or FAR Clause 52.228-7, Insurance Liability to Third Persons, the Contractor shall procure and maintain the following insurance during the entire period of performance under this contract:

TYPE AMOUNT
Workers Compensation As required by Law

Employers Liability Minimum liability limit \$100,000

General Liability Minimum bodily injury limits, \$500,000 peroccurrence

Automobile Liability Minimum liability of \$200,000 per person,

\$500,000 per occurrence for bodily injury, and \$20,000 per occurrence for property damage

Aircraft Public and Passenger Liability

aircraft:

Coverage required when contract performance involves use of

Minimum liability of \$200,000 per person,

\$500,000 per occurrence for bodily injury, other than passenger liability, and \$200,000 peroccurrence for property damage.

Passenger liability shall be at least \$200,000 multiplied by the

number of seats or number of passengers, whichever is greater.

Vessel Collision Liability Coverage required when contract performance involves use of

vessels:

Minimum liability of \$5,000,000 or the market value of the property

being shipped by vessel, whichever is greater

(End of clause)

52.203-13 CONTRACTOR CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND CONDUCT

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Agent" means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent Contractor, authorized to act on behalfof the organization.

"Full cooperation" --

- (1) Means disclosure to the Government of the information sufficient for law enforcement to identify the nature and extent of the offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct. It includes providing timely and complete response to Government auditors and investigators' request for documents and access to employees with information;
- (2) Does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does not require-
 - (i) A Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work product doctrine; or
 - (ii) Any officer, director, owner, or employee of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or her attorney clientprivilege or Fifth Amendment rights; and

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- (3) Does not restrict a Contractor from--
 - (i) Conducting an internal investigation; or
 - (ii) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

"Principal" means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (e.g., general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

"Subcontract" means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract ora subcontract.

"Subcontractor" means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnished supplies or services to or for a prime contractor oranother subcontractor.

"United States," means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

- (b) Code of business ethics and conduct.
 - (1) Within 30 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period, the Contractor shall--
 - (i) Have a written code of business ethics and conduct; and
 - (ii) Make a copy of the code available to each employee engaged in performance of the contract.
 - (2) The Contractor shall--
 - (i) Exercise due diligence to prevent and detect criminal conduct; and
 - (ii) Otherwise promote an organizational culture that encourages ethical conduct and a commitment to compliance with the law.
 - (3) (i) The Contractor shall timely disclose, in writing, to the agency Office of the Inspector General (OIG), with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of this contract or any subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed--
 - (A)A violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18of the United States Code; or
 - (B) A violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).
 - (ii) The Government, to the extent permitted by law and regulation, will safeguard and treat information obtained pursuant to the Contractors disclosure as confidential where the information has been marked confidential or proprietary by the company. To the extentpermitted by law and regulation, such information will not be released by the Government to the public pursuant to a Freedom of Information Act request, 5 U.S.C. Section 552, without prior notification to the Contractor. The Government may transfer documents provided by the Contractor to any department or agency within the Executive Branch if the information relates to matters within the organizations jurisdiction.
 - (iii) If the violation relates to an order against a Government wide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, a multiple-awardschedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the Contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract.

- (c) Business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system. This paragraph (c) does not apply if the Contractor has represented itself as a small business concern pursuant to the award of this contract or if this contract is for the acquisition of a commercial item as defined at FAR 2.101. The Contractor shall establish the following within 90 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period:
 - (1) An ongoing business ethics awareness and compliance program.
 - (i) This program shall include reasonable steps to communicate periodically and in a practical manner the Contractor's standards and procedures and other aspects of the Contractors business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system, by conducting effective training programs and otherwise disseminating information appropriate to an individual's respective roles and responsibilities.
 - (ii) The training conducted under this program shall be provided to the Contractors principals and employees, and as appropriate, the Contractors agents and subcontractors.
 - (2) An internal control system.
 - (i) The Contractors internal control system shall--
 - (A) Establish standards and procedures to facilitate timely discovery of improper conduct in connection with Government contracts;
 and
 - (B) Ensure corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out.
 - (ii) At a minimum, the Contractors internal control system shall provide for the following:
 - (A) Assignment of responsibility at a sufficiently high level and adequate resources to ensure effectiveness of the businessethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system.
 - (B) Reasonable efforts not to include an individual as a principal, whom due diligence would have exposed as having engaged inconduct that is in conflict with the Contractors code of business ethics and conduct.
 - (C) Periodic reviews of company business practices, procedures, policies, and internal controls for compliance with the Contractors code of business ethics and conduct and the special requirements of Government contracting, including-
 - (1) Monitoring and auditing to detect criminal conduct;
 - (2) Periodic evaluation of the effectiveness of the business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal controlsystem, especially if criminal conduct has been detected; and
 - (3) Periodic assessment of the risk of criminal conduct, with appropriate steps to design, implement, or modify the business ethics awareness and compliance program and the internal control system as necessary to reduce the risk of criminal conduct identifiedthrough this process.
 - (D) An internal reporting mechanism, such as a hotline, which allows for anonymity or confidentiality, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.
 - (E) Disciplinary action for improper conduct or for failing to take reasonable steps to prevent or detect improper conduct.
 - (F) Timely disclosure, in writing, to the agency OIG, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever,

in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of any Government contract performed by the Contractor or a subcontract thereunder, the Contractor hascredible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed a violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 U.S.C. or a violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).

- (1) If a violation relates to more than one Government contract, the Contractor may make the disclosure to the agency OIG and Contracting Officer responsible for the largest dollar value contract impacted by the violation.
- (2) If the violation relates to an order against a Government wide acquisition contract, a multiagency contract, a multiple- award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract, and the respective agencies contracting officers.
- (3) The disclosure requirement for an individual contract continues until at least 3 years after final payment on the contract.
- (4) The Government will safeguard such disclosures in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause.
- (G) Full cooperation with any Government agencies responsible for audits, investigations, or corrective actions.

(d) Subcontracts.

- (1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts that have a value inexcess of \$5,500,000 and a performance period of more than 120 days.
- (2) In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False Claims Act or ofFederal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.204-19 INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE OF REPRESENTATIONS AND CERTIFICATIONS

The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the SAM, are incorporated by referenceinto the contract.

(End of clause)

52.204-21 BASIC SAFEGUARDING OF COVERED CONTRACTOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Covered contractor information system" means an information system that is owned or operated by a contractor that processes, stores, ortransmits Federal contract information.

"Federal contract information" means information, not intended for public release, that is provided by or generated for the Government under a contract to develop or deliver a product or service to the Government, but not including

information provided by the Governmentto the public (such as on public Web sites) or simple transactional information, such as necessary to process payments.

"Information" means any communication or representation of knowledge such as facts, data, or opinions, in any medium or form, including textual, numerical, graphic, cartographic, narrative, or audiovisual (Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSSI) 4009).

"Information system" means a discrete set of information resources organized for the collection, processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or disposition of information (44 U.S.C. 3502).

"Safeguarding" means measures or controls that are prescribed to protect information systems.

- (b) Safeguarding requirements and procedures.
 - (1) The Contractor shall apply the following basic safeguarding requirements and procedures to protect covered contractor information systems. Requirements and procedures for basic safeguarding of covered contractor information systems shall include, at a minimum, the following security controls:
 - (i) Limit information system access to authorized users, processes acting on behalf of authorized users, or devices (including otherinformation systems).
 - (ii) Limit information system access to the types of transactions and functions that authorized users are permitted to execute.
 - (iii) Verify and control/limit connections to and use of external information systems.
 - (iv) Control information posted or processed on publicly accessible information systems.
 - (v) Identify information system users, processes acting on behalf of users, or devices.
 - (vi) Authenticate (or verify) the identities of those users, processes, or devices, as a prerequisite to allowing access toorganizational information systems.
 - (vii) Sanitize or destroy information system media containing Federal Contract Information before disposal or release for reuse.
 - (viii) Limit physical access to organizational information systems, equipment, and the respective operating environments toauthorized individuals.
 - (ix) Escort visitors and monitor visitor activity; maintain audit logs of physical access; and control and manage physical accessdevices.
 - (x) Monitor, control, and protect organizational communications (i.e., information transmitted or received by organizationalinformation systems) at the external boundaries and key internal boundaries of the information systems.
 - (xi) Implement subnetworks for publicly accessible system components that are physically or logically separated from internal networks.
 - (xii) Identify, report, and correct information and information system flaws in a timely manner.
 - (xiii) Provide protection from malicious code at appropriate locations within organizational information systems.

- (xiv) Update malicious code protection mechanisms when new releases are available.
- (xv) Perform periodic scans of the information system and real-time scans of files from external sources as files are downloaded, opened, or executed.
- (2) Other requirements. This clause does not relieve the Contractor of any other specific safeguarding requirements specified by Federal agencies and departments relating to covered contractor information systems generally or other Federal safeguarding requirements for controlled unclassified information (CUI) as established by Executive Order 13556.
- (c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in subcontracts under this contract (including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items), in which the subcontractor may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.

(End of clause)

52.215-19 NOTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP CHANGES

- (a) The Contractor shall make the following notifications in writing:
 - (1) When the Contractor becomes aware that a change in its ownership has occurred, or is certain to occur, that could result inchanges in the valuation of its capitalized assets in the accounting records, the Contractor shall notify the ACO within 30 days.
 - (2) The Contractor shall also notify the ACO within 30 days whenever changes to asset valuations or any other cost changes haveoccurred or are certain to occur as a result of a change in ownership.
- (b) The Contractor shall --
 - (1) Maintain current, accurate, and complete inventory records of assets and their costs;
 - (2) Provide the ACO or designated representative ready access to the records upon request;
 - (3) Ensure that all individual and grouped assets, their capitalized values, accumulated depreciation or amortization, and remaining useful lives are identified accurately before and after each of the Contractors ownership changes; and
 - (4) Retain and continue to maintain depreciation and amortization schedules based on the asset records maintained before eachContractor ownership change.
- (c) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause in all subcontracts under this contract that meet the applicabilityrequirement of FAR 15.408(k).

(End of Clause)

52.219-28 POST-AWARD SMALL BUSINESS PROGRAM REREPRESENTATION

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Long-term contract" means a contract of more than five years in duration, including options. However, the term does not include contracts that exceed five years in duration because the period of performance has been extended for a cumulative period not to exceedsix months under the clause at 52.217-8, Option to Extend Services, or other appropriate authority.

"Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business TCD-17-01, 31May2023

under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and the size standard in paragraph (c) of this clause. Such a concern is "not dominant in its field of operation" when it does not exercise a controlling or major influence on a national basis in a kind of business activity in which a number of business concerns are primarily engaged. In determining whether dominance exists, consideration shall be given to all appropriate factors, including volume ofbusiness, number of employees, financial resources, competitive status or position, ownership or control of materials, processes, patents, license agreements, facilities, sales territory, and nature of business activity.

- (b) If the Contractor represented that it was a small business concern prior to award of this contract, the Contractor shall rerepresents its size status according to paragraph (e) of this clause or, if applicable, paragraph (g) of this clause, upon the occurrence of any ofthe following:
 - (1) Within 30 days after execution of a novation agreement or within 30 days after modification of the contract to include this clause, if the novation agreement was executed prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.
 - (2) Within 30 days after a merger or acquisition that does not require a novation or within 30 days after modification of the contractto include this clause, if the merger or acquisition occurred prior to inclusion of this clause in the contract.
 - (3) For long-term contracts
 - (i) Within 60 to 120 days prior to the end of the fifth year of the contract; and
 - (ii) Within 60 to 120 days prior to the date specified in the contract for exercising any option thereafter.
- (c) The Contractor shall rerepresent its size status in accordance with the size standard in effect at the time of this representation that corresponds to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code assigned to this contract. The small business size standard corresponding to this NAICS code can be found at http://www.sba.gov/content/table-small-business-size-standards
- (d) The small business size standard for a Contractor providing a product which it does not manufacture itself, for a contract otherthan a construction or service contract, is 500 employees.
- (e) Except as provided in paragraph (g) of this clause, the Contractor shall make the representation required by paragraph (b) of this clause by validating or updating all its representations in the Representations and Certifications section of the System for Award Management and its other data in SAM, as necessary, to ensure that they reflect the Contractor's current status. The Contractor shall notify the contracting office in writing within the timeframes specified in paragraph (b) of this clause that the data have been validated or updated, and provide the date of the validation or update.

(f) If the Contractor represented that it was other than a small business concern prior to award of this contract, the Contractor may, but is not required to, take the actions required by paragraphs (e) or (g) of this clause.

(g) If the Contractor does not have representations and certifications in SAM, or does not have a representation in SAM for the NAICS code applicable to this contract, the Contractor is required to complete the following representation and submit it to the contractingoffice, along with the contract number and the date on which the representation was completed:

The	Contractor	represents	that	it	[]	is,	[]	is	not	а	small	business	concern	under	NAICS	Code
	assigned to	contractnun	nber															
[Con	tractor to sig	n and date a	nd ins	sert	aut	hor	izec	sig	nei	's n	ame	an	d title].					

(End of clause)

52.222-35 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause--

"Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," protected veteran, "qualified disabled veteran," and "recently separated veteran" have the meanings given at FAR 22.1301.

- (b) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-300.5(a), asof March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified protected veterans, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified protected veterans.
- (c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts of \$150,000 or more unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

52.222-36 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR WORKERS WITH DISABILITIES

- (a) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-741.5(a), asof March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified individuals on the basis of disability, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities.
- (b) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the terms of this clause in every subcontract or purchase order in excess of \$15,000 unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs of the U.S. Department of Labor, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

52 223-3 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

- (a) Hazardous material, as used in this clause, includes any material defined as hazardous under the latest version of Federal StandardNo. 313 (including revisions adopted during the term of the contract).
- (b) The offeror must list any hazardous material, as defined in paragraph (a) of this clause, to be delivered under this contract. Thehazardous material shall be properly identified and include any applicable identification number, such as National Stock Number or Special Item Number. This information shall also be included on the Material Safety Data Sheet submitted under this contract.

Material	Identification No.
(If none, insert no	ne)
	<u>'</u>

- (c) This list must be updated during performance of the contract whenever the Contractor determines that any other material to be delivered under this contract is hazardous.
- (d) The apparently successful offeror agrees to submit, for each item as required prior to award, a Material Safety Data Sheet, meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.1200(g) and the latest version of Federal Standard No. 313, for all hazardous material identified in paragraph (b) of this clause. Data shall be submitted in accordance with Federal Standard No. 313, whether or not the apparently successful offeror is the actual manufacturer of these items. Failure

to submit the Material Safety Data Sheet prior to award may resultin the apparently successful offeror being considered nonresponsible and ineligible for award.

- (e) If, after award, there is a change in the composition of the item(s) or a revision to Federal Standard No. 313, which renders incomplete or inaccurate the data submitted under paragraph (d) of this clause, the Contractor shall promptly notify the ContractingOfficer and resubmit the data.
- (f) Neither the requirements of this clause nor any act or failure to act by the Government shall relieve the Contractor of anyresponsibility or liability for the safety of Government, Contractor, or subcontractor personnel or property.
- (g) Nothing contained in this clause shall relieve the Contractor from complying with applicable Federal, State, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations (including the obtaining of licenses and permits) in connection with hazardous material.
- (h) The Government's rights in data furnished under this contract with respect to hazardous material are as follows:
 - (1) To use, duplicate and disclose any data to which this clause is applicable. The purposes of this right are to
 - (i) Apprise personnel of the hazards to which they may be exposed in using, handling, packaging, transporting, or disposing ofhazardous materials;
 - (ii) Obtain medical treatment for those affected by the material; and
 - (iii) Have others use, duplicate, and disclose the data for the Government for these purposes.
 - (2) To use, duplicate, and disclose data furnished under this clause, in accordance with subparagraph (h)(1) of this clause, inprecedence over any other clause of this contract providing for rights in data.
 - (3) The Government is not precluded from using similar or identical data acquired from other sources.

(End of Clause)

52.252-2 CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically atthis/these address:

http://farsite.hill.af.mil/ or https://www.acquisition.gov/ (End of Clause)

52.252-6 AUTHORIZED DEVIATIONS IN CLAUSES

- (a) The use in this solicitation or contract of any Federal Acquisition Regulation (48 CFR Chapter 1) clause with an authorizeddeviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the date of the clause.
- (b) The use in this solicitation or contract of any DoD Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (48 CFR Chapter 2) clause with anauthorized deviation is indicated by the addition of "(DEVIATION)" after the name of the regulation.

(End of Clause)

252.219-7003 SMALL BUSINESS SUBCONTRACTING PLAN (DOD CONTRACTS) BASIC (DEVIATION 2016-O0009) (DEV 2016-O0009)

This clause supplements the Federal Acquisition Regulation 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan, clause of this contract.

(a) Definitions.

"Summary Subcontract Report (SSR) Coordinator," as used in this clause, means the individual who is registered in the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) at the Department of Defense (9700) and is responsible for acknowledging receipt or rejecting SSRs in eSRS for the Department of Defense.

- (b) Subcontracts awarded to workshops approved by the Committee for Purchase from People Who are Blind or Severely Disabled (41 U.S.C.8502-8504), may be counted toward the Contractors small business subcontracting goal.
- (c) A mentor firm, under the Pilot Mentor-Protege Program established under section 831 of Public Law 101-510, as amended, may counttoward its small disadvantaged business goal, subcontracts awarded to--
 - (1) Protege firms which are qualified organizations employing the severely disabled; and
 - (2) Former protege firms that meet the criteria in section 831(g)(4) of Public Law 101-510.
- (d) The master plan is approved by the Contractor's cognizant contract administration activity.
- (e) In those subcontracting plans which specifically identify small businesses, the Contractor shall notify the ACO of any substitutions of firms that are not small business firms, for the small business firms specifically identified in the subcontracting plan. Notifications shall be in writing and shall occur within a reasonable period of time after award of the subcontract. Contractor-specified formats shall be acceptable.
- (f) (1) For DoD, the Contractor shall submit reports in eSRS as follows:
 - (i) The Individual Subcontract Report (ISR) shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer at the Procuring Contracting Office, evenwhen contract administration has been delegated to the Defense Contract Management Agency.
 - (ii) To submit the consolidated SSR for an individual subcontracting plan in eSRS, the contractor shall identify the Government agency in Block 7 ("Agency to which the report is being submitted") by selecting "Department of Defense (DoD) (9700)" from the top of the second dropdown menu. The contractor shall not select anything lower.
 - (2) For DoD, the authority to acknowledge receipt or reject reports in eSRS is as follows:
 - (i) The authority to acknowledge receipt or reject the ISR resides with the contracting officer who receives it, as described inparagraph (f)(1)(i) of this clause.
 - (ii) The authority to acknowledge receipt or reject SSRs resides with the SSR Coordinator.

(End of clause)

252.223-7001 HAZARD WARNING LABELS

- (a) Hazardous material, as used in this clause, is defined in the Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data clause of this contract.
- (b) The Contractor shall label the item package (unit container) of any hazardous material to be delivered under this contract in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200 et seq). The Standard requires that the hazard warning label conformto the requirements of the standard unless the material is otherwise subject to the labeling requirements of one of the following statutes:

- (1) Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act;
- (2) Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act;
- (3) Consumer Product Safety Act;
- (4) Federal Hazardous Substances Act; or
- (5) Federal Alcohol Administration Act.
- (c) The Offeror shall list which hazardous material listed in the Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data clause of this contract will be labeled in accordance with one of the Acts in paragraphs (b)(1) through (5) of this clause instead of the HazardCommunication Standard. Any hazardous material not listed will be interpreted to mean that a label is required in accordance with the Hazard Communication Standard.

MATERIAL (If None, Insert None.)	ACT
	- <u> </u>
(d) The apparently successful Offer	or agrees to submit, before award, a copy of the hazard warning label for a

- (d) The apparently successful Offeror agrees to submit, before award, a copy of the hazard warning label for all hazardous materials notlisted in paragraph (c) of this clause. The Offeror shall submit the label with the Material Safety Data Sheet being furnished under the Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data clause of this contract.
- (e) The Contractor shall also comply with MIL-STD-129, Marking for Shipment and Storage (including revisions adopted during the term ofthis contract).

(End of clause)

52.216-32 TASK ORDER AND DELIVERY ORDER OMBUDSMAN

(a) In accordance with 41 U.S.C. 4106(g), the Agency has designated the following task order and delivery order Ombudsman for this contract. The Ombudsman must review complaints from the Contractor concerning all task order and delivery order actions for this contract and ensure the Contractor is afforded a fair opportunity for consideration in the award of orders, consistent with the procedures in the contract.

Mr. Kevin Larkin
3055 Rodman Avenue
Rock Island, IL 61299-8000
Kevin.l.larkin.civ@mail.mil
(309) 782-1717

- (b) Consulting an ombudsman does not alter or postpone the timeline for any other process (e.g. protests).
- (c) Before consulting with the Ombudsman, the Contractor is encouraged to first address complaints with the Contracting Officer for resolution. When requested by the Contractor, the Ombudsman may keep the identity of the concerned party or entity confidential, unless prohibited by law or agency process.

(End of clause)

52.216-4592 TASK AND DELIVERY ORDER OMBUDSMAN (ACC-RI)

- (a) An ombudsman has been appointed to hear and facilitate the resolution of concerns from offerors regarding fair opportunity to be considered for task and/or delivery orders under multiple award contracts. When requested, the ombudsman will maintain strict confidentiality as to the source of the concern. The existence of the ombudsman does not affect the authority of the contracting officer, source selection official or program manager. Further, the ombudsman does not participate in the evaluation of proposals, the source selection process, or the adjudication of protests or formal contract disputes. The ombudsman may refer the party to another official who can resolve the concern.
- (b) Before consulting with an ombudsman, interested parties must first address their concerns, issues, disagreements, and/or recommendations to the contracting officer for resolution. Consulting an ombudsman does not alter or postpone the timelines for any other processes (e.g., agency level bid protests, GAO bid protests, requests for debriefings).
- (c) If resolution cannot be made by the contracting officer, concerned parties may contact the appointed task and delivery order ombudsman at U.S. Army Contracting Command, ATTN: CCRC-O/Task and Delivery Order Ombudsman, Rock Island, IL 61299, phone: (309)782-7287, facsimile: (309)782-8469.
- (d) The ombudsman has no authority to render a decision that binds the agency.
- (e) Do not contact the ombudsman to request copies of the solicitation, verify offer due date, or clarify technical requirements. Such inquiries shall be directed to the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)

52.246-4551 SUPPLEMENTAL WARRANTY INFORMATION (ACC-RI)

- (a) Whenever a request for waiver, deviation, or other change to a requirement in the contract is approved, Contractor responsibilities arising out of provisions of this clause are relieved only to the extent of the terms and conditions specified in the approval.
- (b) For purpose of identifying the warranted material to facilities receiving it, the following instructions will apply:
 - (1) For a quantity of warranted material which has been accepted at origin by the Government, the pertinent DD Form 250 (and the pertinent Ammunition Data Card if the card is contractually required) shall bear the following annotation: "The warranty period of the quantity stated hereon of (enter the item serial/lot number(s) as applicable) begins on (enter the date of acceptance of the quantity) and ends on (enter the date of the end of the warranty period for the quantity).
 - (2) For a quantity of warranted material which has not been accepted at origin by the Government, the pertinent DD Form 250 (and the pertinent Ammunition Data Card if the card is contractually required) shall bear the following annotation: "The warranty period for the quantity stated hereon of (enter item serial/lot number(s) as applicable) begins on the date of the acceptance of the lot and ends (enter the length of the warranty period) days later."

(End of clause)